





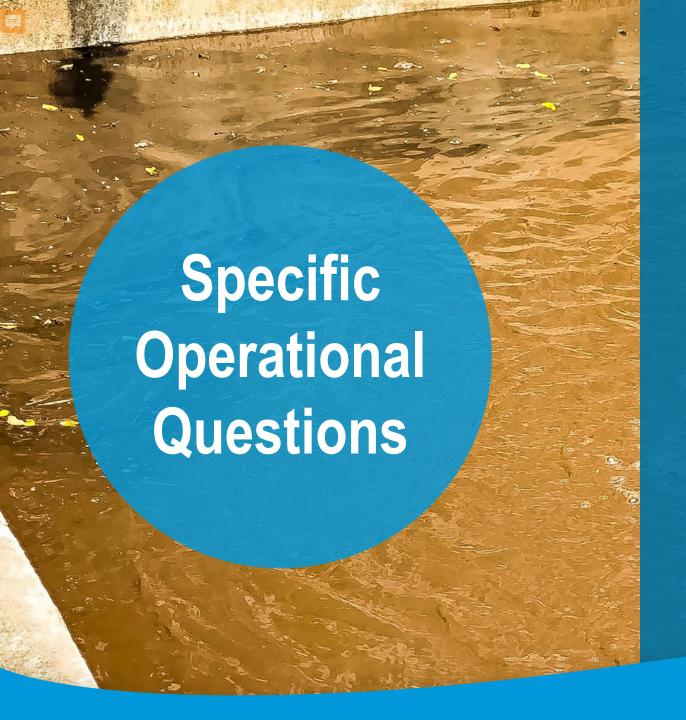
# DAF Elements that Require Attention & Potential Problems:

- 1. Solids loading rate
- 2. Hydraulic loading rate
- 3. Regular testing
- 4. Probe/Analyzer maintenance
- 5. Chemical usage









- What to measure and why?
- Where to measure it?
- Is a shift or daily grab sample good enough?
   Hint: It is not
- Is my system running as designed?
- Is my instrument giving me correct readings?
- What do I do with the data?
- Do chemical and/or power savings matter?Hint: Absolutely





# **Typical DAF System Process Operation**

**Overloaded system** 

Lack of true understanding of DAF process conditions

Ongoing reliance on individual operator knowledge/experience





## **Determining DAF Efficiency – The Manual Approach**





Decreasing effluent turbidity

Sludge cake accumulating in back 1/3 of DAF



**HEALTHY** 



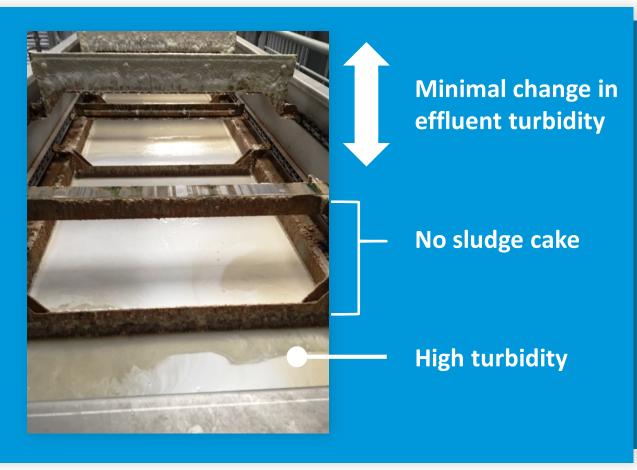
**Thick Sludge Cake** 

Low turbidity





### **Determining DAF Efficiency – The Manual Approach**











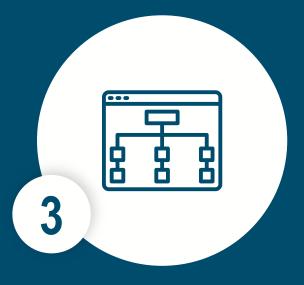
## **How Can We Help?**



Rugged online instrumentation for industrial processes



Real-time monitoring



Automated process control





#### F

# **Rugged Instrumentation**



Total Suspended
Solids (TSS) /
Turbidity Monitoring

Solitax sc Sensors

TSS sc Sensors



**pH Monitoring** 

Digital Differential pH & ORP Sensors



Organics (TOC)
Monitoring

BioTector B7000i Online TOC Analyzer





#### **Getting the Job Done in the Dirtiest Environments**













24/7 Process Visibility

Instrument Health Monitoring

**Resource Savings** 

- Chemicals
- Labor

Reduce downstream treatment costs

Identify product loss





#### **Universal Controller**



#### **Standard Features**

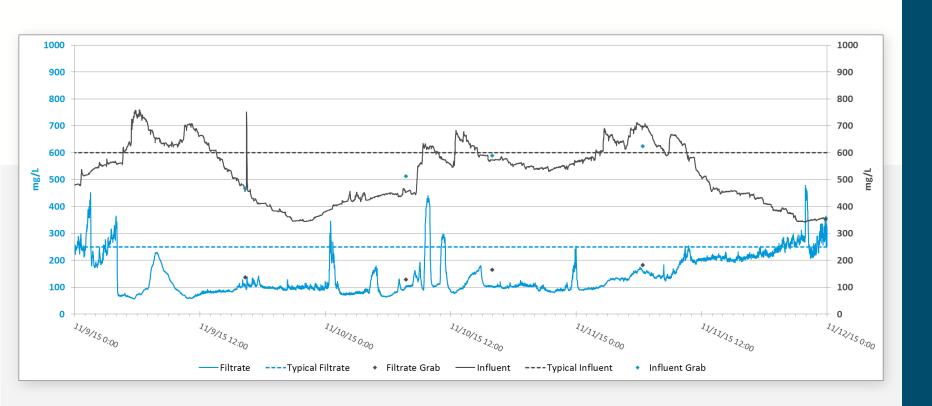
- Highly configurable
- Up To 8 Sensors
- Plug And Play Functionality
- C1D2 Certification
- NEMA 4x/lp66
- 4 Relays
- Up To 12 mA Outputs
- Up To 12 mA Inputs
- SD Card For Data log And Configuration
- Networking
- Allows Up To 32 Devices Per Network

#### **Communication Options**

- Modbus Rs232/Rs485
- Modbus TCP/IP
- Profibus Dp
- Hart 7.2







# Knowing the Process is a Good Start, But...







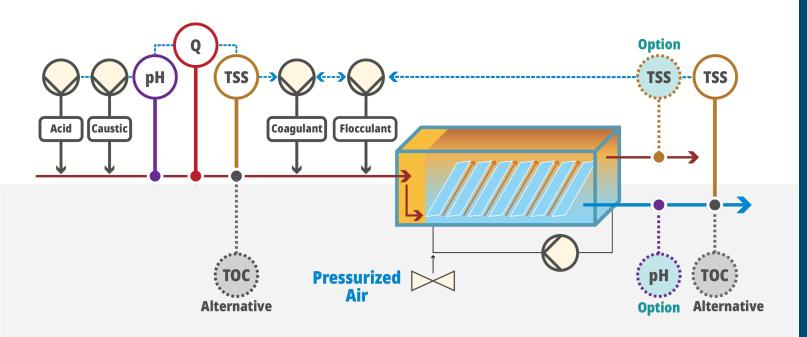
## Process Management

- 1. Collect real-time data
- 2. Calculate dynamic set points
- 3. Treatment adjusted chemical feeds or aeration
- 4. Manual and automated modes available









## RTC-DAF System Overview

RTC DAF Parameters=	Monitor	Manage
pH, Influent	Υ	Υ
pH, Effluent (optional)	Υ	Υ
NTU (TSS), Influent	Υ	Υ
NTU (TSS), Effluent	Υ	Υ
NTU (TSS), Float	Υ	Υ
Flow	Υ	





### **RTC-DAF Input and Output Options**

Inputs		
Standard		
Standard		
Standard		
Optional		
<b>Optional</b>		
Optional		
<b>Optional</b>		
<b>Optional</b>		
Optional		
Optional		

Outputs		
Coagulant Flow Rate Setpoint	Standard	
Anionic Flocculant Flow Rate Setpoint	Standard	
Cationic Flocculant Flow Rate Setpoint	Optional	
Pre-DAF Acid Flow Rate Setpoint	Optional	
Pre-DAF Base Flow Rate Setpoint	Optional	
Post-DAF Acid Flow Rate Setpoint	Optional	
Post-DAF Base Flow Rate Setpoint	Optional	



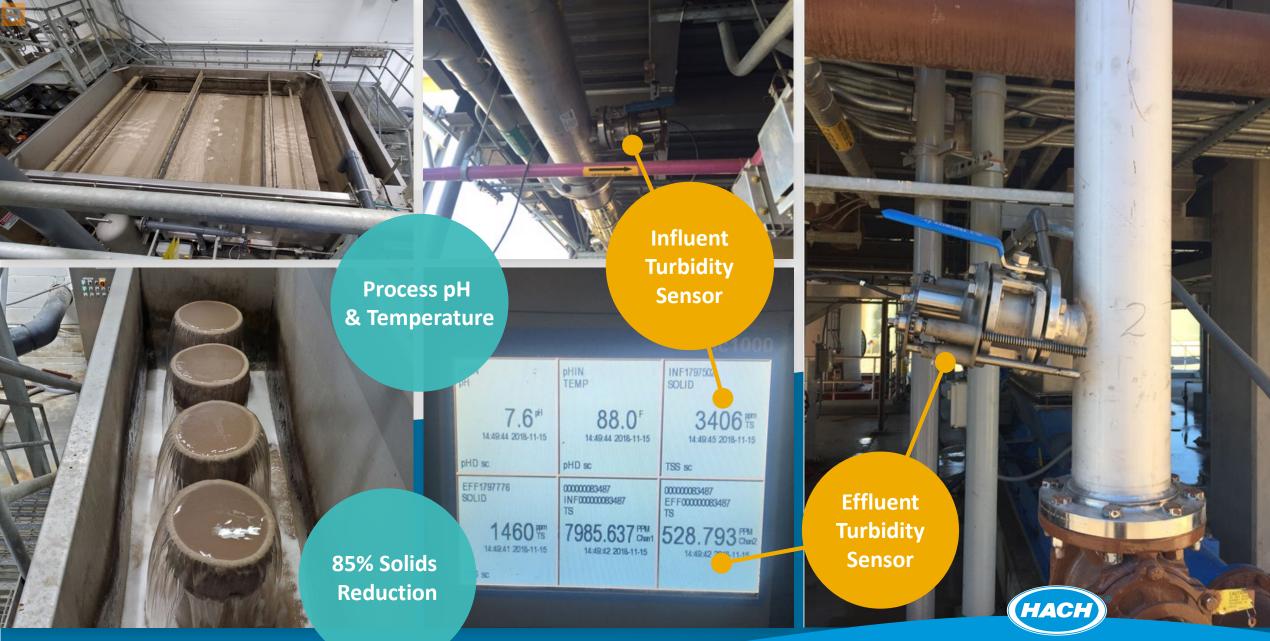


#### RTC-DAF User Defined / Adjustable Settings

- Effluent Turbidity or TSS Setpoint (NTU or mg/L)
- Coagulant PPM dose
- Anionic Flocculant PPM dose
- Cationic Flocculant PPM dose
- Effluent Turbidity or TSS PID values
- Coagulant Specific Gravity
- Anionic Flocculant Specific Gravity
- Cationic Flocculant Specific Gravity

- Pre-DAF pH target value and range
- Pre-DAF pH PID values
- Post-DAF pH target value and range
- Post-DAF pH target value and range
- Minimum and Maximum Limits (flow setpoints, pump ranges, PPM or lb/ton, etc)
- Warning and Alarm limits for all measurements





Be Right<sup>™</sup>





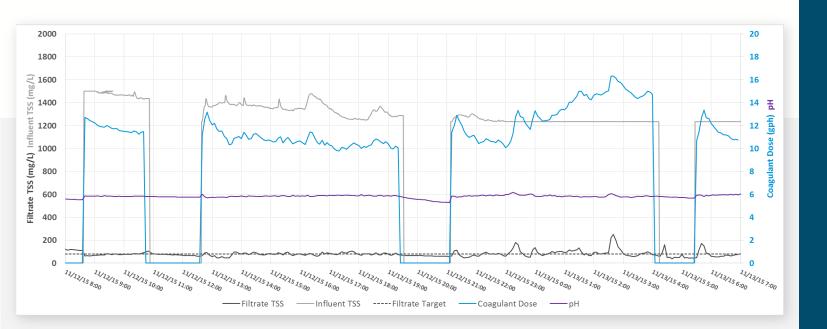
#### **Benefits**

- Automated chemical dosing
  - Eliminate manual adjustments
- Reduce operator interaction
- Optimize both solids and filtrate quality
- Consistent & cleaner effluent concentration
  - Reduced discharge costs
- Critical visibility into the process
- Chemical savings
- Save time
- Consistent compliance and reduced fees







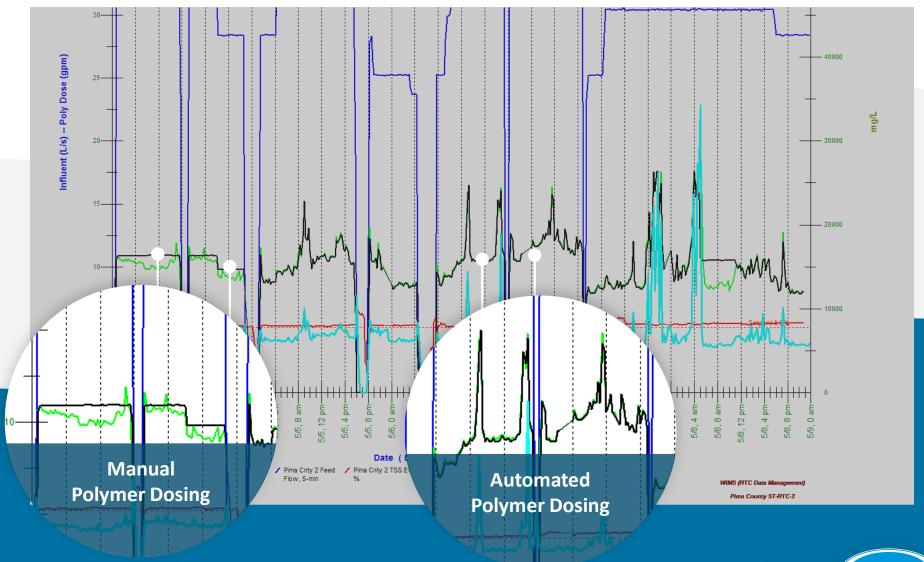


# RTC-DAF in Action: Example of Real Benefits

Your process might still be highly variable, but the desired outcome is consistently met regardless of variation.





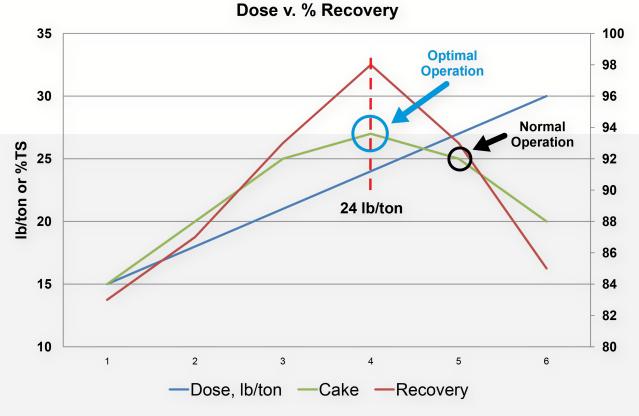






#### **Performance Curve**





# Polymer Performance

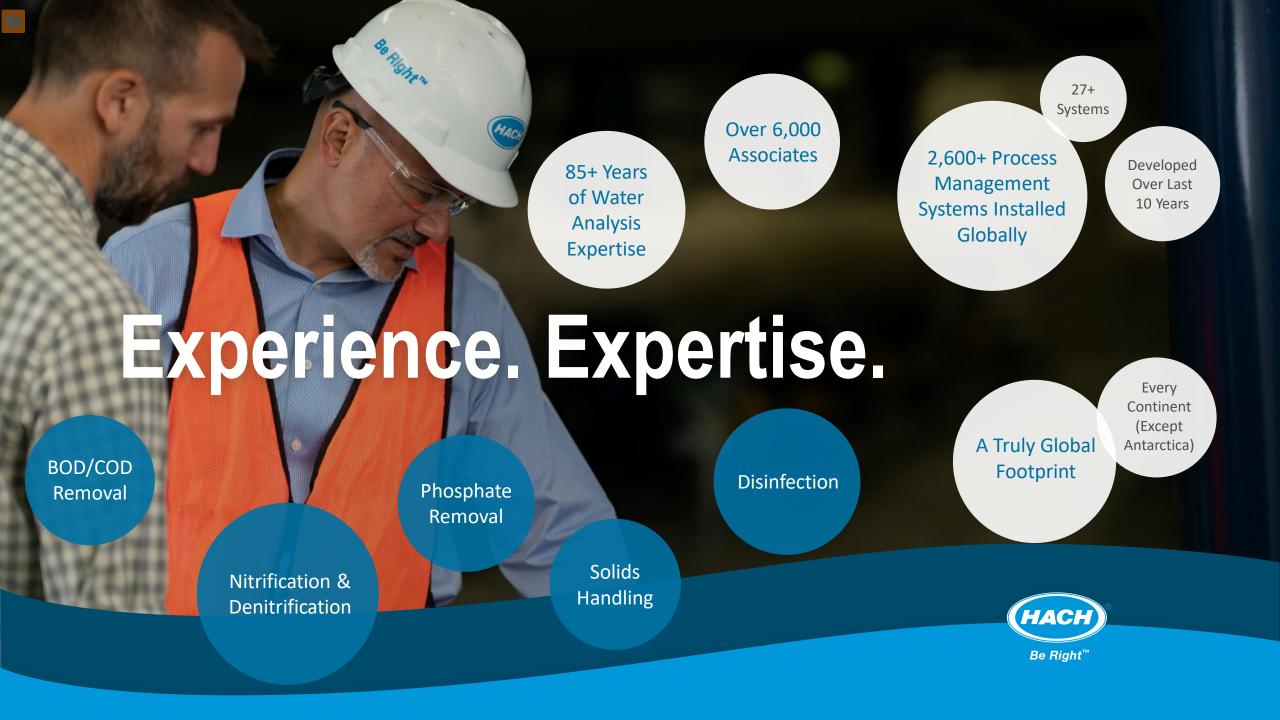
There is an **OPTIMAL** dose ratio.

Adding chemical beyond the optimal point is wasting both chemical and budget.

MORE POLYMER ≠ BETTER RECOVERY











**Dissolved Oxygen Control** 

Ammonia Removal

Total Nitrogen Removal

**Chemical Phosphorus Removal** 

Sludge Retention Time

**RAS Control** 

Sludge Thickening

Sludge Dewatering

DAF Coagulant/Polymer Control

Chlorination / Dechlorination







Instrumentation + Software

Less Uncertainty& More Efficiency









#### **Yearly Service Partnership**

- 1. A dedicated Hach® support team available to consult
- 2. Hach technicians providing guidance specific to your plant and application
- 3. Monthly reports to review your plant's performance
- 4. Reduced risk of unexpected downtime with service/maintenance recommendations









# How to Get Started Typical Process Stages

Discuss needs
with Hach
Representative
& Process
Management
Specialist

**In-Depth Project Planning** 

Best practice to include 3rd party partners (Engineers, Energy Consultants, etc) **Proposal** 

Technical Recommendations

Pricing

Proposal Approval

Installation

Commissioning

Ongoing Support & Optimization

