CDC Opioid Modules

Alternative Assignment

For each topic/module required for this assignment, you may choose to create a power point presentation for each topic/module by using the <u>CDC Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain-United States</u>, 2016 (Links to an external site.) as a reference.

Additionally, if you are unsuccessful in completing a certificate, you may also create a power point (PPT) on that topic to recover those 25 points.

Timeline for Submission & Late Penalties:

PPTs can only be submitted to recover any given module until **Wednesday 11:59 PM CST** of the week following assignment due date. There will be a 10% penalty per day (every day after original Sunday due date) according to the late policy. After this time, no alternative assignments will be accepted unless there is a previous agreement and arrangement made with faculty prior to original assignment due date.

Power point guidelines to meet:

- Each topic/module should be clearly defined in your power point submission as to which CDC Module you are covering (Title Slide). You can do this in 5 different power points or by using a new title slide for each module topic. (2 points for each CDC Module Topic Title Slide)
- There should be a minimum of 4 slides per module topic NOT including a title or reference slide addressing the key points for each module noted below. (5 points per slide/key point- total of 20 points per CDC Module/PPT)
 - Slides or slide notes should have enough information to express your understanding of the topic being presented.
- A reference slide citing the use of the CDC Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain-United States, 2016 is required as well as corresponding in-text citations where appropriate. (3 points for each CDC Module Topic Reference slide)
- WB2859R: Applying CDC's Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids: Module
 - 2: Treating Chronic Pain without Opioids
 - Discuss the preferred methods for treating chronic pain and why these are preferred
 - Describe communication techniques that facilitate a patient-centered approach to manage chronic pain
 - Describe risks and benefits of first-line treatments to chronic pain
 - o Identify non-opioid medications for various types of chronic pain
 - Identify non-pharmacologic treatment options for various types of chronic pain

- **WB2863**: Applying CDC's Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids: Module 5: Assessing and Addressing Opioid Use Disorder
 - Describe the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5), assessment criteria required for a diagnosis of opioid use disorder (OUD)
 - Describe how OUD is diagnosed and how it can be discussed with patients
 - Describe the types of medications used in medication-assisted treatment (MAT)
 - List patient and provider resources for the treatment of OUD
- WB2864R: Applying CDC's Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids: Module 4: Reducing the Risks of Opioids
 - Identify situations that can increase risk for harmful outcomes for patients on opioid therapy
 - Explain the range of clinical tools and tests that can provide data to help in risk assessment and clinical decision-making, such as prescription drug monitoring program (PDMP) data and urine drug testing (UDT)
 - Describe strategies for mitigating risk in patients taking opioids
 - Identify recommended next steps based on the results of UDT, PDMP data, physical examination, and medical history
- WB2860R: Applying CDC's Guideline for Prescribing Opioids: Module 7:
 Determining Whether to Initiate Opioids for Chronic Pain
 - Identify criteria for determining whether to initiate or continue opioid therapy for the treatment of chronic pain
 - Identify known risks and realistic benefits of opioid and nonopioid therapies that should be discussed with patients
 - Apply strategies that improve patient safety when initiating or continuing opioid therapy for chronic pain
 - Identify nonpharmacologic and nonopioid pharmacologic therapies appropriate for treating chronic pain
- WB4359: Applying CDC's Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids: Module 13: Using the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to Promote Patient Safety in Opioid Prescribing and Dispensing
 - Identify benefits associated with using a PDMP, including how they contribute to patient safety
 - Describe strategies for improving patient outcomes when finding concerning information in a PDMP
 - Identify how PDMPs improve coordination of care across healthcare professions
 - Select effective communication techniques to facilitate difficult conversations with patients
 - Identify the potential benefits of integrating the PDMP with electronic health records