2023 Tax Guide



Federal I	ncome Taxes,	Standard De	ductions		Retirement Plans & Med			
Over	But not over	Tax+	% on	Of the	IRA & Roth IRA Annual C	ontributio	on Limit	
Single File	ers		excess	amount over		2023	2	.022
50	\$11,000	\$0.00	10%	\$0	Contribution Limit	\$6,500	\$	6,000
11,000	\$44,725	\$1,100.00	12%	\$11,000	50+ Catch-up	\$1,000	\$	1,000
44,725	\$95,375	\$5,147.00	22%	\$44,725	Traditional IRA Deductil	oility Phas	e-Out Bas	ed on MAGI
\$95,375	\$182,100	\$16,290.00	24%	\$95,375	Participants in Employers Plans	2023	2	2022
\$182,100	\$231,250	\$37,104.00	32%	\$182,100	Married Filing Jointly or	\$116,000	- \$	5109,000 -
\$231,250	\$578,125	\$52,832.00	35%	\$231,250	Qualifying Widow(er)	\$136,000	4	5129,000
\$578,125	∞	\$174,238.25	37%	\$578,125	Married Filing Separately	\$0 - \$10,0	000 \$	50 - \$10,000
Married F	iling Jointly 8	Surviving Sp	ouses		Single or Head of	\$73,000 -	- 5	68,000 -
\$0	\$22,000	\$0.00	10%	\$0	Household	\$83,000	9	78,000
\$22,000	\$89,450	\$2,200.00	12%	\$22,000	Nonparticipant married to participant			
\$89,450	\$190,750	\$10,294.00	22%	\$89,450	Married Filing Jointly	\$218,000		204,000 -
\$190,750	\$364,200	\$32,580.00	24%	\$190,750	3,	\$228,000		214,000
\$364,200	\$462,500	\$74,208.00	32%	\$364,200	Married Filing Separately	\$0 - \$10,		\$0 - \$10,000
462,500	\$693,750	\$105,664.00	35%	\$462,500	Roth IRA Phase-Out Bas	ed on MAG	GI	
693,750	∞	\$186,601.50	37%	\$693,750		2023	2	2022
Head of H	lousehold				Married Filing Jointly or	\$218,000		204,000 -
\$0	\$15,700	\$0.00	10%	\$0	Qualifying Widow(er)	\$228,000	\$	214,000
\$15,700	\$59,850	\$1,570.00	12%	\$15,700	Married Filing Separately	\$0 -	\$	50 -
\$59,850	\$95,350	\$6,868.00	22%	\$59,850	and Lived w/ Spouse	\$10,000	\$	510,000
\$95,350	\$182,100	\$14,678.00	24%	\$95,350	Single or Head of			
\$182,100	\$231,250	\$35,498.00	32%	\$182,100	Household, or Married Filing	\$138,000		129,000 -
\$231,250	\$578,100	\$51,226.00	35%	\$231,250	Separately and Lived Apart from Spouse	\$153,000) 5	144,000
\$578,100	∞	\$172,623.50	37%	\$578,100	Qualified Plans			
	iling Separat				Qualified Platis		2022	2022
50	\$11,000	\$0.00	10%	\$0	401(l) 402(b) 4E7(b) calan (da	formal 1	2023	2022
\$11,000	\$44,725	\$1,100.00	12%	\$11,000	401(k), 403(b), 457(b) salary de	ilerral '	\$22,500	\$20,500
\$44,725	\$95,375	\$5,147.00	22%	\$44,725	50+ Catch-up	mount	\$7,500	\$6,500 \$14,000
\$95,375	\$182,100	\$16,290.00	24%	\$95,375	SIMPLE IRA salary deferral ar		\$15,500	\$14,000
\$182,100	\$231,250	\$37,104.00	32%	\$182,100	SIMPLE salary deferral 50+ Ca Maximum annual additions in		\$3,500	\$3,000
\$231,250	\$346,875	\$52,832.00	35%	\$231,250	defined contribution plan \$66,		\$66,000	\$61,000
\$346,875	∞	\$93,300.75	37%	\$346,875	Maximum applied bonofit in defined		¢265.000	¢24E 00
Trusts & E	states	+33/2001.2	37,70	45 10/675	benefit plan		\$265,000	\$245,00
\$0	\$2,900	\$0.00	10%	\$0	Maximum compensation con		\$330,000	\$305,00
\$2,900	\$10,550	\$290	24%	\$2,900	Highly compensated employe	ee	\$150,000	\$135,00
\$10,550	\$10,330	\$2,126	35%	\$10,550	Key employee - Officer		\$215,000	\$200,00
\$14,450	⊅14,43U ∞	\$3,491	37%	\$10,330	Special catch-up rules applies to cer service and governmental 457(b) pa	tain 403(b) cont	ributors with 15	or more years of
			3770	\$14,430				iore retirement.
raxes for	Gifts & Estat			2022	SEP IRA & Simple IRA Co	ntribution		
A I C:G	Tara Frankratara	2023		2022			2023	2022
	Tax Exclusion edit Amount	\$17,	920,000	\$16,000 \$12,060,000	Maximum annual additions to		\$66,000	\$61,000
			5,000	\$164,000	Maximum compensation con	sidered	\$330,000	\$305,00
	-Citizen Spouse ate Tax Bracket	40%	•	40%	for a SEP IRA		#1 F 0 0	£1.4.000
				40%	SIMPLE IRA salary deferral ar	nount	\$15,500	\$14,000
		heritance Ta	X		50+ Catch-up		\$3,500	\$3,000
States with	State Estate Tax	CT, DC, HI, IL, N	1A, MD, ME, N	1N, NY, OR, RI, VT, WA	Medicare Part B Premiu			
States with	Inheritance Tax	IA, KY, NE, PA, N	VJ, MD		Individual Return	Joint Ret		Mo.Pym
Communit	y Property State	AK*, AZ, CA, ID	, LĄ, NM, NV, 7	TX, WA, WI	\$0 - \$97,000	\$0-\$194,		\$164.90
	, , ,	* Opt-in comm	unity property:	state	\$97,001-\$123,000	•	-\$246,000	
standard	Deductions				\$123,001-\$153,000		-\$306,000	
			2023	2022	\$153,001-\$183,000	•	-\$366,000	
	arried Filing Se	eparately	\$13,850	\$12,950	\$183,001-\$499,999		-\$749,999	
Single / Ma			\$27,700	\$25,900	\$500,000+	\$750,000		\$560.50
_	ling Jointly				NA ' 1 E'!! C . 1	40 407 0	~ ~	+46400
Married Fi	0.		\$20,800	\$19,400	Married Filing Separately	\$0-\$97,0		\$164.90
Married Fi Head of H	ousehold	or Blind or Ag	•		Married Filing Separately Married Filing Separately Married Filing Separately		\$402,999	\$164.90 \$527.50 \$560.50



2023 Tax Guide



529 Plan Contributions (2023)	
529 Plan Contributions per Individual	\$17,000
529 Plan Contributions per Couple	\$34,000
Accelerate 5 years of gifting into 1 year per individual	\$85,000
Per Couple	\$170,000

Student Loan Interest Deduction

Phase-Out	2023	2022
Single Return	\$75,000 - \$90,000	\$70,000 - \$85,000
Joint Return	\$155,000 - 185,000	\$145,000 - \$175,000

The maximum deduction for student loan interest is \$2.500.

Health Savings Accounts (Contribution Limits)

	2023	2022
Single	\$3,850	\$3,650
Family	\$7,750	\$7,300
Age 55+ Catch-up	\$1,000	\$1,000

Business Income Taxes

C Corporations	
Taxable Net Income	21% Tax Rate
S Corporations & LLCs	
Taxable K-1 Pass-Through	Individual Tax Rates
Income to Shareholders	

- "Qualified Business Income" is eligible for a 20% K-1 deduction (ie. 37% bracket 29.6% net marginal rate)
- Generally, "Specified Service Businesses are not eligible for a 20% K-1 deduction unless entire taxable income (including K-1 pass-through profits) falls below certain thresholds

FICA Tax Rates

	Self-Employed	Employee
Social Security (OASDI)	12.40%	6.20%
HI (Medicare)	2.90%	1.45%
Additional Medicare Tax	0.90%	0.90%

Additional Medicare Tax of 0.9% on earned income:

Married-Jointly MAGI above \$250,000 Married-Separately MAGI above \$125,000 Single / Head of Household MAGI above \$200,000

Uniform Lifetime Table

Age	Life Expectancy Factor	% Account	Age	Life Expectancy Factor	% Account
72*	27.4	3.65	87	14.4	6.95
73	26.5	3.78	88	13.7	7.30
74	25.5	3.93	89	12.9	7.76
75	24.6	4.07	90	12.2	8.20
76	23.7	4.22	91	11.5	8.70
77	22.9	4.37	92	10.8	9.26
78	22.0	4.55	93	10.1	9.91
79	21.1	4.74	94	9.5	10.53
80	20.2	4.96	95	8.9	11.24
81	19.4	5.16	96	8.4	11.91
82	18.5	5.41	97	7.8	12.83
83	17.7	5.65	98	7.3	13.70
84	16.8	5.96	99	6.8	14.71
85	16.0	6.25	100	6.4	15.63
86	15.2	6.58	101	6.0	16.67
*SECUR	E 2.0 ACT increased	RMD age from 72 to	o 73 starting	January 1, 2023	

Capital Gains & Social Security

Single Filers	Married Filing Jointly & Qualifying Widow(er)	Tax Rate
\$0 - \$44,625	\$0 - \$89,250	0%
\$44,626 - \$492,300	\$89,251 - \$553,850	15%
Over \$492,301	Over \$553,850	20%

Married Filing Separately	Head of Household	Trusts & Estates	Tax Rate
\$0 - \$44,625	\$0 - \$59,750	\$0 - \$3,000	0%
\$44,626 - \$276,900	\$59,751-\$523,050	\$3,001-\$14,650	15%
Over \$276,900	Over \$523,050	Over \$14,650	20%

Medicare Tax on Net Investment Income

Additional 3.8% Tax on Net Investment Income

Married Filing Jointly	MAGI above \$250,000
Married Filing Separately	MAGI above \$125,000
Single / Head of Household	MAGI above \$200,000
Trusts & Estates	MAGI above \$12,500

AMT Exemptions

Single	\$81,300
Married Filing Jointly & Qualifying Widow(er)s	\$126 500

Phases out beginning with alternative minimum taxable income over \$1,156,300 (married/filing jointly and qualifying widow(er)s) or \$578,150 (single filers); AMT ordinary income rate increases from 26% to 28% for alternative minimum taxable income over \$220,700 (single; married/filing jointly; and qualifying widow(er)s).

Social Security

Taxable Wage Base		
	2023	2022
Social Security (OASDI)	\$160,200	\$147,000
Medicare (HI only)	No Limit	No Limit
Quarter of Coverage	\$1,510	\$1,470
Retirement Earning Test		

Under full retirement age: \$21,240/\$1,770 \$19,560/\$1,630 (yr./mo.) (yr./mo.)

Note: One dollar in benefits will be withheld for every \$2 in earnings above the limit

Year reaching full retirement age: \$56,520/\$4,710 \$51,960/\$4,330 (yr./mo.) (yr./mo.)

Note: Applies only to earnings for months prior to attaining full retirement age. One dollar in benefits will be withheld for every \$3 in earnings above the limit

Age to Receive F	Age to Receive Full Benefits		
Year of birth	Full retirement age	% reduced at age 62	
1943 - 1954	66	25.00%	
1955	66 and 2 months	25.83%	
1956	66 and 4 months	26.67%	
1957	66 and 6 months	27.50%	
1958	66 and 8 months	28.33%	
1959	66 and 10 months	29.17%	
1960 and later	67	30.00%	

Delayed Retirement Credits

Year of Birth Yearly Rate of Increase 1943 or later 8.00%

Accrues when you reach full retirement age until you start receiving benefits or reach age 70.

Taxability of Benefits (Based on Provisional Income)			
		Individual	Married Filing Jointly
	Not taxable	Less then \$25,000	Less then \$32,000
	Up to 50% taxable	\$25,000 - \$34,000	\$32,000 - \$44,000

Up to 85% taxable Greater than \$34,000 Greater than \$44,000 Married Filing Separately, Up to 85% of benefits are taxable

Provisional Income = Adjusted Gross Income + Nontaxable Income + 1/2 Social Security Benefits



2023 Tax Guide



Deductions. Credits. Tax

Deduction for State & Local Taxes

Individuals may deduct state and local income (or sales) taxes and real and personal property taxes up to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately) in the aggregate.

Child Tax Credit

- \$2,000 per "qualifying child" (who has not attained age 17 during the year); phased out as modified AGI exceeds \$400,000 (married/filing jointly) or \$200,000 (all other); \$1,600 per child is refundable
- \$500 nonrefundable credit for qualified dependents other than qualifying children (with some modified AGI phaseouts)

Kiddie Tax

Earned income is taxed at single tax bracket rates.

Unearned income in excess of \$2,500, taxed at child's parents rates.

Deduction for Mortgage Interest

- Deduction on interest for qualifying mortgages up to \$750,000 (\$375,000) if married/filing separately); homes under agreement before 12/15/17 for purchase prior to 1/1/18 (provided purchase occurred by 4/1/18) grandfathered under previous \$1,000,000 (\$500,000 if married/filing separately) limits
- Interest on home equity lines of credit (HELOC) deductible in certain cases where proceeds are utilized to acquire or improve a residence

High Deductible Health Plans	2023	2022
Minimum Deductible - Single	\$1,500	\$1,400
Minimum Deductible - Family	\$3,000	\$2,800
Maximum Out of Pocket - Single	\$7,500	\$7,050
Maximum Out of Pocket - Family	\$15,000	\$14,100

Deduction for Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums (2023)

Age	40 or Less	41 - 50	51 - 60	61 - 70	Over 70
2023	\$480	\$890	\$1,790	\$4,770	\$5,960
2022	\$450	\$850	\$1,690	\$4,520	\$5,640

Qualified Longevity Annuity

Maximum Premium Allowed \$200,000

American O	pportunity	v Tax Credit	(2023)
Allici Icali O	pportuille	y lux cicuit	(2023)

Maximum Credit	\$2,500
Phase-Out - Single	\$80,000 - \$90,000
Phase-Out - Joint	\$160,000 - \$180,000

Lifetime Learning Credit (2023)

Maximum Credit	\$2,000
Phase-Out - Single	\$80,000 - \$90,000
Phase-Out - Joint	\$160,000 - \$180,000

Deductions for Public Charitable Contributions

Type of Property Contributed	Deemed Amount of Contribution	Percentage Limitation ¹
Cash Appreciated ordinary income property ² or appreciated short-term capital gain property ³	Actual dollar amount Donor's tax basis	60% 50%
Appreciated long-term capital gain property ⁴		
(a) General rule	Fair market value	30%
(b) Election made to reduce amount of contribution	Donor's tax basis	50%
(c) Tangible personal property put to unrelated use by donee charity	Donor's tax basis	50%

1) The applicable "percentage limitation" applies to the donor's contribution base, which is the donor's adjusted gross income (AGI) determined without regard to any net operating loss carryback. The limitation is applied on an annual basis. Any deductible contributions that exceed the current year's limitations may be carried over and deducted in the five succeeding tax years, subject to the percentage limitations in those years.

2) "Ordinary income property" property that would produce ordinary income if sold by the

3) "Short-term capital gain property" property that would produce short-term capital gain if

4) "Long-term capital gain property" property that would produce long-term capital gain if sold by the individual.

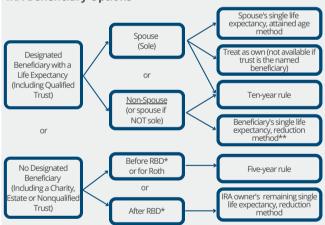
Phase-Out of U.S. Savings Bond Income (2023)

Phase-Out - Single	\$91,850 - \$106,850
Phase-Out - Joint	\$137,800 - \$167,800

Coverdell Education Savings Account (2023)

Maximum Credit	\$2,000
Phase-Out - Single	\$95,000 - \$110,000
Phase-Out - loint	\$190,000 - \$220,000

IRA Beneficiary Options



- *RBD defined as "Required Beginning Date" (April 1 following the year a Traditional IRA owner reaches age 72; age 73 if attain age 72 after 2022).
- ** Method only available if the non-spouse beneficiary is the minor child of the deceased IRA owner (until the child's age of majority), disabled, chronically ill, or not more than 10 years vounger than the deceased IRA owner

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